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GOLD STANDARD BILL

The Republican Currency Scheme Ready for Submission.

STANDARD GOLD COIN DEFINED.

Greenbacks Will Not Be Issued Except in Exchange for Gold—Standard Million Gold Reserve to be Maintained.

Washington, November 28.—The general currency bill prepared by the Republican caucus committee appointed by the last congress, has received its final revision at the hands of the members, after a copy has been mailed to each Republican representative in congress. The measure represents the unanimous conclusions of the committee, and will be called up for consideration at the caucus of Republican members of the house, which is to be held, probably, on Saturday.

Accompanying the bill is a report setting forth at length the reasons and necessity, in the opinion of the committee, for the proposed legislation. The following are some of the chief features of the bill, and which, in the main, are probably fairly accurate:

"An amendment to the coinage laws, making 25% grains of gold, 900 parts the standard coin measure.

"An amendment to the greenback relief act of 1875 providing that those treasury notes shall be redeemed with gold, and when so redeemed, shall not be reissued except in exchange for gold. This provision will prevent the operation of the endless chain which hitherto has been the means to raid the gold reserve.

An amendment to the specie resumption act, directing the maintenance of a gold reserve of not less than \$100,000,000, the maintenance of the reserve at that figure now being entirely discretionary to the secretary of the treasury.

"An amendment to the national bank law authorizing banks to be organized with a capital stock of \$25,000. "At present the minimum is \$50,000. Another amendment to the same act authorizing banks to issue notes to the par value of the bonds they have on deposit to secure circulation. At present the limit is 90 per cent. A third amendment to this act reduces the taxation on bank circulation to one-tenth of 1 per cent. This tax is to pay the expense of engraving and printing the notes. The present rate more than meets this expense."

A Family Detained.

Washington, November 27.—The family of Adam Krubler, of Topeka, which landed in New York last week on the Hamburg-American steamer are detained by the immigration authorities and prevented from landing. Representative Curtis interceded for the family and action was suspended pending a report on the case. The report was received to-day and sets forth that the family was detained because the two children were afflicted with arachnism, an infectious disease of the eyes, which debars them from landing under the immigration laws. Krubler is said to be a naturalized citizen and a resident of Topeka. The finding of the New York inspectors will doubtless be approved and the immigrants ordered to be returned by the steamship company which brought them over.

Representative Curtis this evening said that Krubler has been a resident of Topeka about a year. Under the law the mother may return to Europe with all the children or the two afflicted children may be returned alone if any one in Europe will receive them.

Bubonic Plague Stamped Out.

New York, November 28.—The plague-stricken steamer, J. W. Taylor, is still at anchor off the quarantine station, discharging the cargo of coffee into lighters. Over half the cargo is discharged. The patients on Swineburne island are nearly recovered. No new cases of the disease have developed. In discharging the cargo a number of dead rats have been found, showing that the preliminary disinfection of the cargo has been successful.

Nothing has been decided about the final disposition of the cargo or vessel. The Prince line steamer, Roman Prince, which arrived this morning, has been disinfected, but has been held at quarantine, where the cargo will be discharged into lighters. The New York city board of health will consider the question of the landing of the cargo and the docking of the steamer.

Will Work for Alger.

Washington, November 28.—Mr. Victor L. Mason, private secretary to Secretary Root, has resigned to engage in business with General Russell A. Alger. Mr. Mason served Secretary Alger in the capacity of private secretary with signal ability throughout his entire term, and when General Alger resumed private life he arranged that Mr. Mason should return to his employ after serving with Secretary Root until the latter had otherwise provided himself. Now Mr. Mason goes to Detroit and his place will be



How General "Fustian" swam the Bay Bag.



Col. Metcalf engaged in the work of civilization and benevolent assimilation.

filled by Mr. E. R. Courcy, of South Carolina, who, throughout the Spanish war served as private secretary to Adjutant General Corbin.

Bruce M. Neisley, the deposed grand secretary of the Knights and Ladies of the Fireside, who was ousted by the executive board and who brought mandamus proceedings in the district court of Wyandotte county, will get no aid from Judge Alden who, yesterday, decided that the board had the authority to dismiss the offending official.

People are frightened by a report that an African lion is at large in Seattle County. It is supposed to have escaped from some menagerie.

May Ask for Martial Law.

Frankfort, Ky., November 28.—Senator De Boe left for Washington at 8 o'clock Monday, and after his departure a story emanating from Republican circles was put abroad that, in the event Goebel is given a certificate of election next Saturday by the throwing out of Jefferson, Knox and Johnson counties, Senator De Boe, Senator Lindsay, Governor Bradley, General Taylor and other Republican leaders, will unite in an appeal to President McKinley to declare martial law in Kentucky, recognizing Taylor as governor and supporting his administration. Senator De Boe said to the Associated Press that he felt confident that no emergency would arise requiring the assistance of the federal authorities, but intimated he had assurance that federal aid could be had if it became necessary.

There was no change in the situation here to-day on either side. The expected move of Goebel leaders to take the gubernatorial controversy into the courts prior to its handling by the state election board has not materialized so far, and many believe it has been abandoned. The story from Louisville, that Jefferson and Elliot county returns had been mysteriously lost or tampered with is not credited here, as, should this occur duplicate certificates could be easily obtained and the theft of them would not affect the result.

The hotels of the city are slowly filling up with visiting Republicans and Democrats from many parts of the state. The report that Warden Lillard, under the direction of Goebel leaders, is arming convicts and preparing to take the Goebel side in the event Bradley calls out troops Saturday, is absolutely unfounded. It is probable the sitting of the state election board will extend over several days, and it is stated that the Democratic commissioners will refuse to begin canvassing the returns in the event Bradley places a military guard over them.

But Little Concerning China.

Washington, November 28.—The Chinese minister was a visitor at the state department Monday and it is surmised that his call upon Secretary Hay was attributable to the recent European cablegrams which have disturbed him by their free expression of a purpose to regulate the affairs of his country on the part of Europe and America. The answers of the European governments to our request touching the "open door" have not been received, so that the president will be obliged to make this matter the subject of a special message to congress and to treat it in the most general manner in his regular message.

Rural free delivery service will be established at Marysville, Marshall county, Kas., on December 4, with one carrier; length of route, 25 miles; area covered, 27 square miles; population to be served, 700; Robert S. Smith, carrier; Ora A. Smith, sub-carrier.

ADDRESS
Of the Hon. Claude Duval at the Farmers Institute, held in this City, Wednesday, November 16th, 1899.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: In complying with Mr. Parker's request to make a few remarks at this meeting, I feel highly honored by being favored with the privilege of addressing those of you, who represent the cream of Reno county and western Kansas. I hope those of you who have assembled here representing the dairy interests in your localities may learn, and I believe will learn, today from professor Cottrell's address, a more perfect knowledge of the great dairy industry that is destined in the near future to make the western half of our State the most prosperous section of our country. I thought it would be appropriate on this occasion to briefly consider the past, present and the future of western Kansas.

In reviewing the past of this our beloved short grass country, I have often wondered why the early settlers, those who first left the populous eastern centers of our own country and foreign lands to establish what they then believed permanent and happy homes, were doomed to meet with disappointment. Why the hardships, privations and dangers through which they passed were not rewarded with success and why the virgin soil of these fertile plains refused to yield its fruit to their energy and industry, causing these forerunners of a brighter and higher civilization to turn their faces eastward and in their prairie schooners turn back over the Santa Fe trail to the old folk at home murmuring to themselves, it were better had we remained in the land of Egypt rather than to have sought this much advertised land of promise and prospects. To me this problem remained unsolved until a short time since in conversation with Mr. Parker on this subject, he called my attention to this fact, that the explorers and pioneers who first came to western Kansas found this vast territory alive with buffalo and prairie chickens. To use Mr. Parker's own words the wild cow and wild hen, showing that this section is the natural home for this domesticated animal and fowl. It was then, gentlemen, this problem of failure to me had been solved. I believe to be successful in tilling the soil we must work in harmony and not in opposition to the natural laws and natural surroundings of the soil and the Creator. As Illinois, Missouri and eastern Kansas yields to the industry of man bountiful harvests of golden grain because the soil, the climate, and the moisture is by the great law of nature especially adapted to that industry, so must the citizens of western Kansas study the natural advantages of our soil, our climate and our altitude and apply those conditions to the industry to which they are adapted before we can hope for permanent success and continued prosperity.

Enough of the past, and let us for a few moments consider the present history of the short grass country. In discussing this part of my subject I find within the past two or three years the prevailing opinion of a majority of the business men and farmers, in fact a majority of the citizens of western Kansas with whom I have conversed on present conditions, believe that we must devote our attention to the cattle industry which will make it necessary to again divert the short grass country into grazing lands. While I am ready to admit this would be a marked improvement over that of the past and in a measure has brought and will bring prosperity to a limited number of people who will find profitable employment in caring for the thousands of range cattle yet I contend this industry as is being developed at the present time no matter how extensive it may expand or grow in the future cannot and will not fully develop this magnificent domain either in population or wealth.

So gentlemen in directing your attention to the future I want to say there is yet another field of labor which if developed to that high degree for which nature has made such bountiful provisions will record western Kansas in state and government statistical reports to be the greatest wealth producing section of our common country. This record can be attained by giving our attention to dairy and poultry farming. The dairy enterprise in western Kansas is as yet only in its conception. It has not even reached the stage of an infant industry compared with its future stupendous growth if protected as it ought to be by restrictive legislation from competition with Oleo Margarine and beef fat, that now finds its way into our markets as butter. Let the business men, the professional men, the daily and weekly press, the real estate agents and loan brokers living in western Kansas and interested in the development of our

resources encourage our farmers to devote their entire time and invest their capital in dairy and poultry rather than in general farming. I am told by those who are in a position to know that one section of land in western Kansas is sufficient to produce enough food adapted to the dairy to sustain forty cows and their increase through the entire year.

It has already been thoroughly demonstrated that there is no section of country that shows better results in poultry culture. When you take into consideration the fact that government statistics show that the produce derived from the American hen bring by far more wealth to the nation's wealth producer than any other single industry with the product of the cow following second in wealth producing importance ought to stimulate our farmers to give their undivided attention to these two industries which yield them a weekly income from the poultry yard, a monthly income from the dairy and an annual income from the sale of yearling calves. So I say if we would bring western Kansas up to that high standard of commercial and agricultural development which would place us in the van of our eastern neighbors in permanent and well founded prosperity we must advertise our natural resources and their possibilities, to in this way encourage thrifty enterprising farmers to emigrate to the short grass country until there is established on every section of this vast area an ideal, first class up to date dairy and poultry farm. When this is accomplished our commercial interests will prosper and grow because our population will have been increased by more than three hundred fold, our farmers and our business men will no longer look forward with anxiety to the prospects of a crop failure or a bountiful harvest, but each and all of our citizens can conduct their business based upon the conditions of the ever living present knowing that the dairy and poultry enterprise, the cow and hen" working in harmony with God's great law of nature, has come to stay with its weekly monthly, and annual revenues passing into the hands of the farmers and from the farmers into the various channels of trade and commerce for that which they desire to enhance the value of their realty, the value of their home improvements, and to promote in the purchase of necessities and luxuries, their comforts, their contentment and their happiness.

Gentlemen if we but put our shoulders to the wheel and work together with wisdom and judgement all of this is not only possible but can be made a reality in the very near future. Then the hills and plains of the short grass country will be dotted with thousands of prosperous, well improved homes, from which can be heard daily at the rising and setting of the sun the lowing of the cattle, the cackling of the hen, and the sweet cheerful songs of the farmers sons and daughters with all nature smiling in approval because we will then be working in harmony with the natural resources and conditions of our soil and climate.

In conclusion I want to say should this much desired condition be made a fact by future efforts in after years when the historian writes the history of western Kansas and we read the biography of the founders and promoters of dairy and poultry farming, the brightest and most praiseworthy records written on the pages of past events in the history of the short grass country will be that of those, Parker of Hutchinson, Kansas, and Professor Cottrell of the State Agricultural College.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

Churches have united for a series of religious meetings.

John H. Thomas, of Sedalia, Mo., has been appointed as clerk in the land office.

Lieutenant Edwin E. Carroll has been assigned to the First United States Infantry, and will join his company at Fort Leavenworth.

George W. Cooper, of Columbus, Ind., who served two terms in congress, is not expected to live. He is at Augusta hospital, Chicago, where he has been for a month.

The contract for carrying the mail from Long to Muldrow and from Carbon to Kerbs, I. T., has been awarded to H. G. Orden, Jr., and from Bain to Summit, I. T., to F. E. Smith.

The following postoffices have been discontinued: Kansas—Parma, Norton county, mail to Norton; Springside, Pottawatomie county, mail to Irving, Missouri—Delhi, Crawford county mail to Cuba.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Daily Mail asserts that the Russian and Persian governments have signed an agreement prolonging for ten years Russian railway construction monopoly in Persia.

The superintendent of census has received the list of persons who have taken examination for census positions at Topeka, and the names of those who have successfully passed will be announced in a few days.

The People's Popular Store.

"Martin's"

November 30, 1899.

Kansas' Greatest Dry Goods Sellers.



We've been talking so incessantly to Dear Old Santa Claus and have offered so many inducements that he has at last decided to come and make permanent headquarters with us. His first appearance will be on our Opening Days, Friday and Saturday.

Come and Bring the Children!

Let them enjoy the presence of the real Santa Claus, dressed in his fur robes and big boots.

Christmas Suggestions:

And best of all a price list with it; anyone can sell you friendship hearts, lap robes, or millinery, but not quite so lowly priced as these:

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| Sterling silver friendship hearts, 10c to 25c Ea | Sterling silver shoe brush, 4 inch, 20c. | Mercerized cotton portieres, new styles and finish, look like silk, wear better, 3 yards long, 45 inches wide, heavy tasseled throw over top, per pair \$9.00 |
| One initial engraved on same, 5c extra. | Baby brush, very soft, velvety bristles, sterling silver handles, length 6 each at 50c. | Silk plush capes, a present always to be appreciated; silk plush capes, elaborately embroidered in jet and braid, finished with tinsel fur on collar, down front and around bottom; price only \$5.00 |
| Ebony manicure set, with sterling silver mountings, nail files, knife and a glove hook, 50c Set. | Latest novelties in watch chains, gentlemen's pony vest chains in pearl, agate or cameo settings with rolled plate trimmings, each \$2.25. | Crepion dress skirts, the newest novelty of the day new 3 piece style, correctly lined, price \$5.00 |
| Ebony letter sets with sterling silver mountings, consisting of letter opener, eraser and seal, Set for 50c. | Reversible lap robes, one side heavy plush, reverse side of heavy rubber cloth, an excellent present, price \$2.50. | Pretty apparel and dress accessories, modestly priced for the holiday trade. Stylish stocks in assort'd colors, new effects 25c Ea. |
| Ebony darning balls with sterling silver handles, 35c Ea. | Pure white blankets, pretty borders, a great value for the price, tan, white or gray, per pair \$5.00 | Ladies' "Rupert" kid gloves slightly heavier than the ordinary kind, 2 cheap embroidered backs, all colors, \$1.00 Pr. |
| Pearl handle gold pens \$1.00 Ea. | Mequet rugs new colors and finds, Size 27x36 in. \$1.98 | |
| Heavy sterling silver paper knife, 7-inch, 50c Ea. | Size 36x72 in. \$3.50 | |
| Sterling silver handle curling irons, each 50c Ea. | | |

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Mail Orders filled promptly. Samples free.

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Usually leads on to things more serious. It's easy enough to take a cold in its first stages and get rid of it. But the curative agency must be the A & A COUGH REMEDY. This cough remedy needs little introduction to our customers. For thirty years it has demonstrated its value. It tastes delightfully pleasant. 25c and 50c.

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| Children's Underwear as low as each garment | 5c |
| Ladies' Vests | 15c |
| Ladies' Union Suits | 25c |
| Misses Union Suits | 25c |
| Men's Underwear, extra heavy, per garment | 20c |
| Full suit | 40c |
| Men's fine ribbed fleece lined underwear | 50c |
| Full suit, worth double the amount | 89c |
| Men's extra quality fine ribbed fleece-lined underwear, each | 78c |
| Per suit | 75c |
| Can't be beat, Men's wool underwear, worth \$1.00 for | 44c |
| Full size gray cotton blankets, per pair | 75c |
| Horse blankets, each | from \$2.50 up to \$15.00 |
| Overcoats | from 50c to \$15.00 |
| Ladies' Capes and Jackets | from 50c to \$15.00 |
| Ladies' Tailor Made Suits | \$6.50 |

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The only General Merchandise Store in the City.

Hutchinson, Kans.

The Rock Island Playing Cards are the slick set you ever handled. One pack will be sent by mail on receipt of 15 cents in stamps. A money order or draft for 30 cents or same in stamps will secure four packs. They will be sent by express, charges prepaid. Address: JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry., Chicago.

The Missouri Pacific runs the only through sleeper between Hutchinson and Kansas City and the only through train between Hutchinson and St. Louis. See them for rates and route all points east.